

IISER Tirupati

Notations :

- 1.Options shown in green color and with ✓ icon are correct.
- 2.Options shown in red color and with ✗ icon are incorrect.

Question Paper Name :	Physics 12th Apr 2026 Shift 2
Subject Name :	Physics
Creation Date :	2026-04-12 18:07:34
Duration :	180
Total Marks :	100
Display Marks:	Yes
Change Font Color :	No
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Physics

Group Number :	1
Group Id :	81675910
Group Maximum Duration :	0
Group Minimum Duration :	180
Show Attended Group? :	No
Edit Attended Group? :	No
Break time :	0
Group Marks :	100

Part A

Section Id :	81675924
Section Number :	1
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	10
Number of Questions to be attempted :	10
Section Marks :	10

Maximum Instruction Time :

0

Sub-Section Number :

1

Sub-Section Id :

81675924

Question Shuffling Allowed :

Yes

Question Number : 1 Question Id : 816759315 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

An electromagnetic wave of angular frequency ω is propagating in a dispersive medium with refractive index $n \equiv n(\omega)$. If the speed of light in vacuum is c , the group velocity of the electromagnetic wave in the dispersive medium is

Options :

1. ✓
$$\frac{c}{n + \omega \frac{dn}{d\omega}}$$

2. ✘
$$\frac{cn}{1 + \frac{\omega}{n} \frac{dn}{d\omega}}$$

3. ✘
$$\frac{c\omega \frac{dn}{d\omega}}{1 + \frac{\omega}{n} \frac{dn}{d\omega}}$$

4. ✘
$$\frac{c}{1 + \frac{n}{\omega} \frac{d\omega}{dn}}$$

Question Number : 2 Question Id : 816759316 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

The critical volume, pressure and temperature of a van der Waals gas are $V_c, P_c,$ and $T_c,$ respectively. By some means the strength of the attraction between the molecules of the gas is changed. The change in V_c, P_c and T_c are

Options :

1. ✘ $\Delta V_c = 0, \Delta P_c = 0$ and $\Delta T_c = 0$
2. ✔ $\Delta V_c = 0, \Delta P_c \neq 0$ and $\Delta T_c \neq 0$
3. ✘ $\Delta V_c \neq 0, \Delta P_c \neq 0$ and $\Delta T_c \neq 0$
4. ✘ $\Delta V_c \neq 0, \Delta P_c = 0$ and $\Delta T_c = 0$

Question Number : 3 Question Id : 816759317 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes
Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

For two Pauli matrices σ_1, σ_2 , what is the value of the expression

$$\text{Determinant}(\sigma_1^{7641}) - \text{Trace}(\sigma_2^{7641}) ?$$

The Pauli matrices are given as:

$$\sigma_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \sigma_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Options :

1. ✔ -1
2. ✘ -11
3. ✘ 11
4. ✘ 1

Question Number : 4 Question Id : 816759318 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

A detector has a 80% particle detection efficiency. If, in a given time, 10 particles pass through the detector, what is the probability that exactly 9 particles are detected?

Options :

1. ✘ $(0.8)^9$

2. ✔ $2 \times (0.8)^9$

3. ✘ $0.2 \times (0.8)^9$

4. ✘ $(0.8)^{10}$

Question Number : 5 Question Id : 816759319 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

The internal energy of a gas in a cubical container of length L is proportional to L^{-2} . Which power law does the pressure follow?

Options :

1. ✘ L^{-2}

2. ✘ L^{-3}

3. ✘ L^{-4}

4. ✔ L^{-5}

Question Number : 6 Question Id : 816759320 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

The equation of a closed surface in the lab frame is

$$16x^2 + 25y^2 + 25z^2 = 25.$$

An observer moving along the x -axis perceives the closed surface as a sphere of unit radius. If c is the speed of light in vacuum, what is the speed of the observer in the lab frame?

Options :

1. ✘ $\frac{4}{5}c$

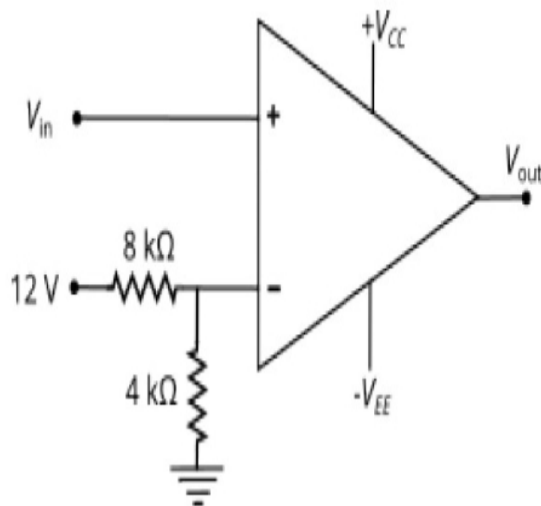
2. ✔ $\frac{3}{5}c$

3. ✘ $\frac{9}{25}c$

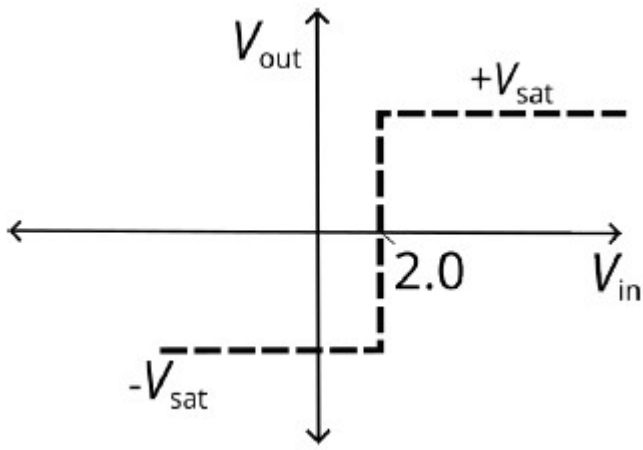
4. ✘ $\frac{16}{25}c$

Question Number : 7 Question Id : 816759321 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

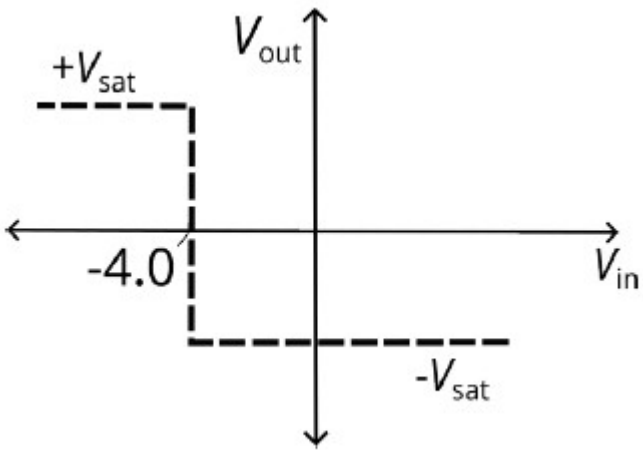
For the given Op-Amp circuit, which of the following correctly represents the plot of V_{out} vs V_{in} ?



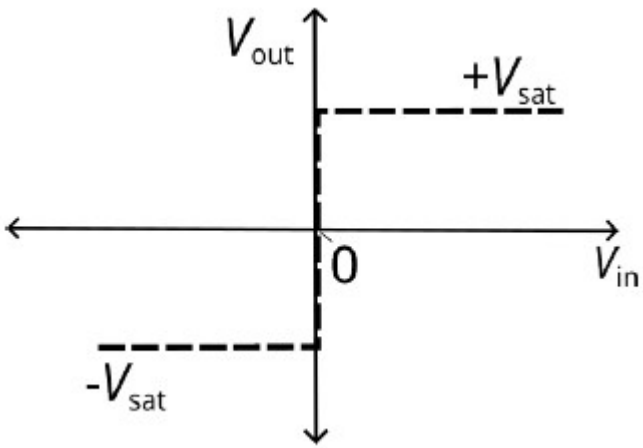
Options :



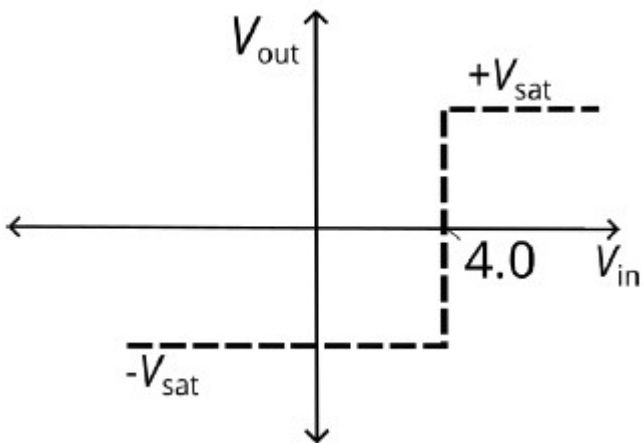
1. ✘



2. ✘



3. ✘



4. ✔

Question Number : 8 Question Id : 816759322 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

The vector \vec{B} is defined as $\vec{B} = B_1 f(x)(\sin(ay) \hat{i} + \cos(ay) \hat{j}) + 2B_2 a^2 xy \hat{k}$ where a , B_1 and B_2 are constants with appropriate dimensions. For which of the following forms of the function $f(x)$ will \vec{B} be a valid magnetic field?

Options :

1. ✓ e^{ax}
2. ✗ $\ln(ax)$
3. ✗ $\sin(ax)$
4. ✗ ax

Question Number : 9 Question Id : 816759323 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

Let \hat{A} and \hat{B} be two operators. Consider the operator $\hat{C} = [\hat{A} + \hat{A}^\dagger, \hat{B}\hat{B}^\dagger]$, where $[\hat{x}, \hat{y}]$ represents the commutator between the operators \hat{x} and \hat{y} . Which of the following statements about \hat{C} is true?

Options :

1. ✗ \hat{C} is Hermitian if both \hat{A} and \hat{B} are Hermitian.
2. ✗ \hat{C} is always Hermitian.
3. ✓ \hat{C} is anti-Hermitian.
4. ✗ \hat{C} is Hermitian if \hat{A} is Hermitian and \hat{B} is anti-Hermitian.

Question Number : 10 Question Id : 816759324 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 1 Wrong Marks : 0.33

Two charges $+q$ and $-q$ are placed at positions $a\hat{i}$ and $a\hat{j}$. What is the the dipole moment of the system with respect to a point with position vector \vec{r}_0 ?

Options :

1. ✘ $q \left[a(\hat{i} - \hat{j}) - \vec{r}_0 \right]$

2. ✘ $\sqrt{2}aq(\hat{i} - \hat{j})$

3. ✘ $q \left[a(\hat{i} - \hat{j}) + \vec{r}_0 \right]$

4. ✔ $qa(\hat{i} - \hat{j})$

Part B

Section Id :	81675925
Section Number :	2
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	20
Number of Questions to be attempted :	20
Section Marks :	60
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Sub-Section Number :	1
Sub-Section Id :	81675925
Question Shuffling Allowed :	Yes

Question Number : 11 Question Id : 816759325 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

A circular ring of radius R with a line charge density $\lambda = \lambda_0 \cos \phi$ lies on the x - y plane centered at the origin. What is the approximate work done in bringing a unit positive test charge from infinity to the point (r, θ, ϕ) when $r/R \gg 1$?

Options :

1. ✔

$$\frac{\lambda_0 R^2}{4\epsilon_0 r^2} \sin \theta \cos \phi$$

2. ✘ $\frac{\lambda_0 R^2}{4\epsilon_0 r^2}$

3. ✘ $\frac{\lambda_0 R^2}{4\epsilon_0 r^2} \cos \theta \cos \phi$

4. ✘ $\frac{\lambda_0 R^2}{4\epsilon_0 r^2} \cos \phi$

Question Number : 12 Question Id : 816759326 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

Consider a state $|\lambda\rangle = e^{\lambda a^\dagger}|0\rangle$ defined in a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator such that $a|\lambda\rangle = \lambda|\lambda\rangle$. Here a and a^\dagger are the annihilation and creation operators respectively and $|0\rangle$ is the ground state. What is $\langle\lambda_1|\lambda_2\rangle$?

Options :

1. ✘ 0

2. ✔ $e^{\lambda_1^* \lambda_2}$

3. ✘ $\delta(\lambda_1 - \lambda_2)$ (complex δ -function)

4. ✘ $e^{\lambda_1^* + \lambda_2}$

Question Number : 13 Question Id : 816759327 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

What is $\langle\frac{1}{r}\rangle$ in the state $|n, l, m\rangle$ of a hydrogen atom in terms of the Bohr radius a_0 ?

Options :

1. ✔ $\frac{1}{n^2 a_0}$

2. ✘ $\frac{1}{2n^2 a_0}$

3. ✘ $\frac{1}{4n^2 a_0}$

4. ✘ $\frac{1}{2na_0}$

Question Number : 14 Question Id : 816759328 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

A particle subject to the one-dimensional infinite square well potential

$$V(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq a, \\ \infty & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

is initially in the state

$$\psi(x) = \begin{cases} Ax(a-x), & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq a, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

where A and a are constants. Let $P_1(t)$ be the probability that a measurement of the energy of the particle at time t yields the outcome $E_1 = \frac{\pi^2 \hbar^2}{2ma^2}$. Which of the following is true for time $t > 0$?

Options :

1. ✘ $P_1(t) \propto \exp\left\{-\frac{\pi^2 \hbar}{2ma^2} t\right\}$

2. ✘ $P_1(t) \propto t^2$

3. ✘ $P_1(t) \propto 1 - \exp\left\{-\frac{\pi^2 \hbar}{2ma^2} t\right\}$

4. ✔

$P_1(t)$ is independent of time

Question Number : 15 Question Id : 816759329 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

Consider the solution of the differential equation $y'' + 2xy' + \lambda y = 0$ around $x = 0$. For which of the following values of λ is the solution a polynomial?

Options :

1. ✘ -3

2. ✘ 1

3. ✔ -2

4. ✘ 2

Question Number : 16 Question Id : 816759330 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

The Lagrangian of a particle of unit mass is given by $L = -\sqrt{1 - (dx/dt)^2} - \alpha x$, where α is a constant. The trajectory of the particle in the phase space is :

Options :

1. ✔ a hyperbola

2. ✘ a circle

3. ✘ a straight line

4. ✘ an ellipse

Question Number : 17 Question Id : 816759331 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

A satellite is orbiting in an elliptical orbit of non-zero eccentricity about a massive planet of mass M . If the angular speed of the satellite is ω_* at the point of closest distance a from the planet (where $\dot{r} = 0$ and $\ddot{r} > 0$), which of the following relations is true? G is the Gravitational constant.

Options :

1. ✘ $a \omega_*^2 < \frac{GM}{a^2}$

2. ✘ $a \omega_*^2 = \frac{GM}{a^2}$

3. ✘ $a \omega_*^2 = \frac{GM}{2a^2}$

4. ✔ $a \omega_*^2 > \frac{GM}{a^2}$

Question Number : 18 Question Id : 816759332 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

In an electrodynamical set-up, a gauge transformation takes the vector potential \vec{A} to $\vec{A} + \vec{\nabla}f$ where $f = \alpha x^2 t^2$ with a positive constant α . Which of the following statements is correct about the electric field (\vec{E}) and scalar potential ϕ at $(t, x, y, z) = (-1, 1, 0, 0)$?

Options :

1. ✘ \vec{E} remains same and ϕ decreases.

2. ✘ Both \vec{E} and ϕ increase.

3. ✘ Both \vec{E} and ϕ remain same.

4. ✔

\vec{E} remains same and ϕ increases.

Question Number : 19 Question Id : 816759333 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

The potential on the surface of a spherical region of unit radius in vacuum is $V(\theta) = [2 \cos^2(\theta/2) + \cos^2 \theta] V_0$, where V_0 is a constant. The electrostatic potential in the region, $r \leq 1$ unit is

Options :

1. ✖ $\left(\frac{2 + r^2}{3} + r \cos \theta + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \right) V_0$

2. ✔ $\left(\frac{4 - r^2}{3} + r \cos \theta + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \right) V_0$

3. ✖ $\left(\frac{3 - r^2}{2} + r \cos \theta + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \right) V_0$

4. ✖ $\left(\frac{3 + r^2}{4} + r \cos \theta + r^2 \cos^2 \theta \right) V_0$

Question Number : 20 Question Id : 816759334 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

Consider a polarized dielectric sphere with the polarization given as $\vec{P}(r) = P_0 r \hat{i}$, where r is the distance from the centre of the sphere and P_0 is a constant. The bound charge density at a point (r, θ, ϕ) inside the sphere is

Options :

1. ✔ $-P_0 \sin \theta \cos \phi$

2. ✖ $P_0 \sin \theta \cos \phi$

3. ✘ $P_0 \cos \theta \cos \phi$

4. ✘ $-P_0 \cos \theta \sin \phi$

Question Number : 21 Question Id : 816759335 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

Consider a system of a large even number of hard identical particles confined within a length L in one dimension which is bounded by two reflecting hard boundaries. At time $t = 0$, half of these particles have velocity $+v$ and the other half has velocity $-v$ distributed randomly among them. Assuming that all collisions are elastic, which one of the following statements is correct?

Options :

1. ✔ The velocity distribution of the system remains unchanged in all future times.

2. ✘ The velocity distribution of the system becomes the Maxwell-distribution within the time $t < L/v$.

3. ✘ The velocity distribution of the system becomes the Maxwell-distribution at the time $t \sim L/v$.

4. ✘ The velocity distribution changes later from the initial distribution but it never becomes the Maxwell-distribution.

Question Number : 22 Question Id : 816759336 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

There are N non-interacting magnetic moments of unit strength, fixed at certain positions in free space. These moments are subjected to a constant magnetic field $\vec{B} = B\hat{k}$ and the temperature of the system is T . If k_B is the Boltzmann constant, the Helmholtz free energy F of the system is

Options :

1. ✘ $Nk_B T \left[\ln \left(2 \sinh \frac{B}{k_B T} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{B}{k_B T} \right) \right]$

2. ✘

$$-Nk_B T \left[\ln \left(2 \sinh \frac{B}{k_B T} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{B}{k_B T} \right) \right]$$

3. ✔

$$-Nk_B T \left[\ln \left(2 \sinh \frac{B}{k_B T} \right) - \ln \left(\frac{B}{k_B T} \right) \right]$$

4. ✘

$$Nk_B T \left[\ln \left(2 \sinh \frac{B}{k_B T} \right) + \ln \left(\frac{B}{k_B T} \right) \right]$$

Question Number : 23 Question Id : 816759337 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

An infinite material has electrons moving freely in the background of fixed positive charges. Initially the average charge density of electrons (ρ^-) and that of the positive charges (ρ^+), satisfy $\rho^+ = -\rho^- = \rho_0$. What is the average net charge density of the material if an electric field \vec{E} is turned on resulting in a steady velocity \vec{u} of the electrons throughout the material? c is the speed of light.

Options :

1. ✘ 0

$$\rho_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1 - u^2/c^2)^{3/2}} \right)$$

2. ✘

$$\rho_0 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - u^2/c^2}} - 1 \right)$$

3. ✘

4. ✔

$$\rho_0 \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - u^2/c^2}} \right)$$

Question Number : 24 Question Id : 816759338 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes
Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

What is the value of the integral $\int_0^{\infty} \frac{k \sin(kr)}{k^2 + m^2} dk$ for $r > 0$?

Options :

1. ✘ $\frac{1}{4\pi r} e^{-mr}$

2. ✘ $\frac{\pi r}{1 + m^2 r^2}$

3. ✔ $\frac{\pi}{2} e^{-mr}$

4. ✘ $\frac{1}{r\sqrt{1 + m^2 r^2}}$

Question Number : 25 Question Id : 816759339 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes
Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

What is the general solution of the equation $\frac{df(t)}{dt} = f(t) + 6 \int f(t) dt$?

Options :

1. ✘

$$f(t) = Ae^{2t} + Be^{-3t}$$

2. ✘ $f(t) = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{-3t}$

3. ✘ $f(t) = Ae^{2t} + Be^{3t}$

4. ✔ $f(t) = Ae^{-2t} + Be^{3t}$

Question Number : 26 Question Id : 816759340 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

An operator A is expressed in terms of angular momentum operators as:

$$A = L^2 + aL_z^2 + b(L_+L_- + L_-L_+),$$

where $L_{\pm} = L_x \pm iL_y$ and a, b are arbitrary constants. Under what condition does A commute with L_x^2 ?

Options :

1. ✘ $a = b$

2. ✔ $a = 2b$

3. ✘ $2a = b$

4. ✘ $a = -b$

Question Number : 27 Question Id : 816759341 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

In Young's double slit set-up, the screen is placed at a distance $D = 150$ cm from the slits. At a point P on the screen, the second maximum is being observed. What is the minimum amount by which D needs to be changed such that the point P is now at a minimum?

Options :

1. ✘ 80 cm
2. ✘ 20 cm
3. ✘ 50 cm
4. ✔ 30 cm

Question Number : 28 Question Id : 816759342 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

Which of the following Hamiltonians correctly represents a one-dimensional simple harmonic oscillator of mass m , frequency ω and minimum of the potential at $x = a$?

Options :

1. ✔
$$\mathcal{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}m\omega^2\frac{\partial^2}{\partial p^2} + \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2a^2 - i\hbar m\omega^2a\frac{\partial}{\partial p}$$

2. ✘
$$\mathcal{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}m\omega^2\frac{\partial^2}{\partial p^2} + \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2a^2$$

3. ✘
$$\mathcal{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m}\frac{\partial^2}{\partial p^2} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2(p - a)^2$$

4. ✘
$$\mathcal{H} = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2}m\omega^2\frac{\partial^2}{\partial p^2} + \frac{p^2}{2m} + \frac{1}{2}m\omega^2a^2 + i\hbar m\omega^2a\frac{\partial}{\partial p}$$

Question Number : 29 Question Id : 816759343 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

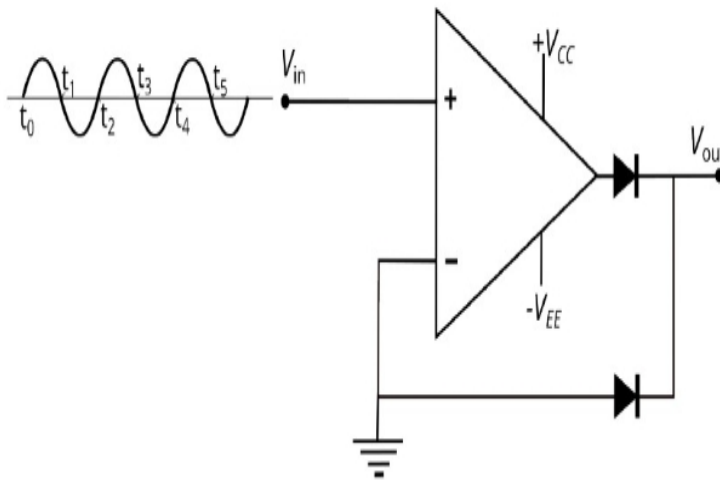
Two identical bosons in a one-dimensional harmonic oscillator potential (with angular frequency ω) have total energy $E = 100 \hbar\omega$. What is the entropy of this state if k_B is the Boltzmann constant?

Options :

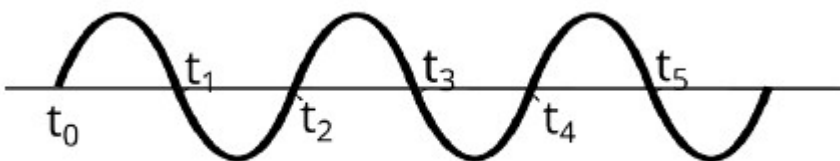
1. ✘ $k_B \ln(198)$
2. ✘ $k_B \ln(100)$
3. ✔ $k_B \ln(50)$
4. ✘ $k_B \ln(99)$

Question Number : 30 Question Id : 816759344 Question Type : MCQ Option Shuffling : Yes Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 1

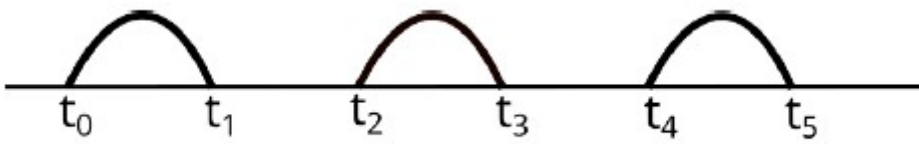
Consider the Op Amp circuit with a sinusoidal voltage input. What is the correct output waveform of this circuit?



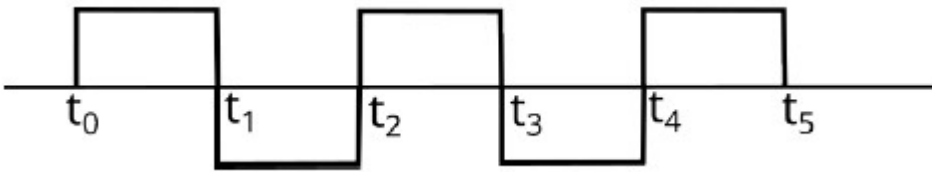
Options :



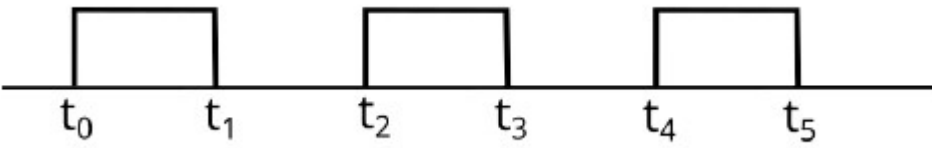
1. ✘
2. ✘



3. ✘



4. ✔

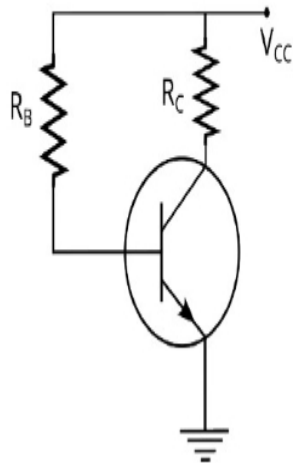


Part C

Section Id :	81675926
Section Number :	3
Section type :	Online
Mandatory or Optional :	Mandatory
Number of Questions :	10
Number of Questions to be attempted :	10
Section Marks :	30
Maximum Instruction Time :	0
Sub-Section Number :	1
Sub-Section Id :	81675926
Question Shuffling Allowed :	Yes

Question Number : 31 Question Id : 816759345 Question Type : SA Keyboard Layout : Inscript
 Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 0

Consider the given circuit with $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_B = 1\text{ M}\Omega$, and $R_C = 10\text{ k}\Omega$. It is given that $V_{CE} = V_{BE}$, where V_{CE} is the *collector-emitter* voltage and V_{BE} is the *base-emitter* junction voltage. What is the gain β of the transistor?



Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

100

Question Number : 32 **Question Id :** 816759346 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

Three planets are orbiting a star S_* in coplanar circular orbits of radii R , $4R$ and $9R$. The time period of the planet closest to the star is 1 year. At some instant the star and the planets are collinear. Ignoring the motion of the star, after how many years will the same aligned configuration of the planets occur again?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

216

Question Number : 33 **Question Id :** 816759347 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

In a two-dimensional Hilbert space, two Hermitian non-commuting operators A and B have non-degenerate normalized eigenstates, which satisfy $A|\psi_A^i\rangle = a_i|\psi_A^i\rangle$ and $B|\psi_B^i\rangle = b_i|\psi_B^i\rangle$ where $i = 1, 2$. The relations:

$$|\psi_A^1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}|\psi_B^1\rangle + \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}|\psi_B^2\rangle; \quad |\psi_B^1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}|\psi_A^1\rangle - \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}|\psi_A^2\rangle$$

are given. After a measurement of B is done on the state $|\psi_A^2\rangle$, what is the percentage probability of finding the system in the state $|\psi_A^1\rangle$?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

32

Question Number : 34 **Question Id :** 816759348 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

A particle of mass m_0 is initially at rest in an inertial frame and is subjected to a constant force m_0g along the y -axis. Its motion is governed by the equation:

$$\frac{dp}{dt} = m_0g,$$

where p is the relativistic momentum. If $y(t)$ depicts the distance covered by the particle in time t as

$$y\left(t = \frac{\sqrt{8}c}{g}\right) = n\frac{c^2}{g}, \text{ where } c \text{ is the speed of light, what is } n?$$

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

2

Question Number : 35 **Question Id :** 816759349 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

A system of two spin-1/2 particles is in the state $|\uparrow\downarrow\rangle$ for time $t < 0$. At $t = 0$, an interaction Hamiltonian $\hat{H} = C\hat{\mathbf{S}}^{(1)} \cdot \hat{\mathbf{S}}^{(2)}$ is turned on, where C is a constant of the appropriate dimension and $\hat{\mathbf{S}}^{(1)}$ and $\hat{\mathbf{S}}^{(2)}$ are the spin angular momentum operators of the first and second particle respectively. What is the probability in percentage to find the system in the state $|\downarrow\uparrow\rangle$ at time $t = \frac{2\pi}{3C\hbar}$?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

75

Question Number : 36 **Question Id :** 816759350 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

Consider the action $S = \int_0^2 [(dx/dt)^2 + 6x] dt$. If the boundary conditions are such that $x(0) = 0$, and $x(2) = 6$, what is the value of the action evaluated on the extremal path?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

48

Question Number : 37 **Question Id :** 816759351 **Question Type :** SA **Keyboard Layout :** Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 **Wrong Marks :** 0

A diagnostic test for a particular disease detects it with an efficiency of 99.99% in infected people. It also detects a false positive result in 0.02% of people who are not infected. If one person in 10000 in the general population is infected, what is the probability (in nearest integer percent) that someone who tests positive is actually infected?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

33

Question Number : 38 Question Id : 816759352 Question Type : SA Keyboard Layout : Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 0

The Lagrangian of a particle in one dimension is $L = 10\dot{x}^2 + 6\dot{x}t^2 + \alpha xt$ where $\dot{x} \equiv dx/dt$ and α is a constant. The particle starts moving at time $t = 0$ from the position $x(0) = 0.5$ with $\dot{x}(0) = 0.5$ in appropriate units. For what value of α , is the position of the particle at time t given by $x(t) = \frac{t+1}{2}$?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

12

Question Number : 39 Question Id : 816759353 Question Type : SA Keyboard Layout : Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 0

Two concentric conducting spheres of radii 4 m and 5 m respectively, enclose a medium of conductivity σ (in units of $m^{-1}\Omega^{-1}$) between their surfaces. The potential difference between the surfaces of the spheres is maintained at V (in volts). In this setup, there will be a current I (in amperes) between the spheres. What is the characteristic length scale $I/(4\pi\sigma V)$ of the system in metres?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

20

Question Number : 40 Question Id : 816759354 Question Type : SA Keyboard Layout : Inscript

Correct Marks : 3 Wrong Marks : 0

Consider a Newton's rings experiment with a biconvex lens of diameter 20 cm and maximum thickness 60 μm placed on a flat reflecting surface, illuminated by normal incident light of wavelength 600 nm. When we change the medium of the experiment from air to a liquid medium, the fringe separation reduces by 20%. What the refractive index of the liquid medium?

Response Type : Numeric

Evaluation Required For SA : Yes

Show Word Count : Yes

Answers Type : Equal

Text Areas : PlainText

Possible Answers :

